Declaration for Argentina's ratification of the World Health Organization (WHO) Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC) - May 2021

Considering that:

In Argentina tobacco consumption affects almost 9,000,000 people and it is the first preventable cause of premature death; 47,700 people die every year from smoking-related diseases that could be avoided;

More than 22% of the adult population in our country smokes, which represents one of the highest rates in the region;

The age of onset of tobacco consumption is between 12 and 15 years and 1 of 5 adolescents between 13 and 15 smoke;

More than 197,000 million pesos are destined to attend diseases caused by tobacco consumption. This represents around 7.6% of the total health expenditure;

In times of the COVID-19 pandemic, smokers are more exposed to the negative consequences of the virus;

Although the prevalence of tobacco use has declined in the last decade, mortality remains high and per capita consumption has remained stable over the last 15 years;

Recognising that:

The Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC) is the first global public health treaty, which seeks to provide a global response to the tobacco epidemic;

182 countries are parties to the FCTC and our country is the only one in South America, and one of the few in the world, that is not part of this treaty, despite having signed it in 2003;

The national regulatory framework is not enough to protect people's right to health;

The United Nations Committees for the Convention against the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination against Women, the Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the Working Group for the Universal Periodic Review urged Argentina to ratify the FCTC in order to

protect people's right to health;

The UN Agenda 2030 establishes the signing and ratification of the FCTC as one of its goals;

It is the State's duty to guarantee health as a human right above any particular interest;

Tobacco-attributable mortality is observed mainly in developing countries and the burden this imposes on families and national health systems makes it necessary for tobacco control policies to become a priority in the governmental agenda of the region;

In the current context of the COVID-19 pandemic, advancing in the FCTC ratification process becomes fundamental, considering the tools that the Convention provides to implement effective tobacco control policies in order to reduce the burden and disease.

Affirming that ratification of the FCTC is necessary:

To confront a global epidemic that necessarily requires political strategies of international cooperation;

To participate in global health policy decisions to address the tobacco epidemic;

To comply with international human rights treaties and the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda, which establish the obligation to ensure the highest attainable standard of health;

To reduce the burden of death, disease and disability caused by smoking in our country, especially among the most vulnerable sectors;

To ensure transparency in the relationship between the government and the tobacco industry to prevent companies from hindering the adoption of effective tobacco control policies;

To guarantee the population access to tobacco cessation information and treatment;

To seek a solution to illicit trade of tobacco products in coordination with other countries, especially in MERCOSUR,;

To reach consensus with neighboring countries on policies restricting cross-border advertising, promotion and sponsorship;

To obtain the necessary assistance to advance in the diversification/substitution of tobacco crops, guaranteeing the health and economic sustainability of tobacco producers, especially the small

ones, and the protection of the environment;

In order to cope with the COVID-19 pandemic, the undersigned organizations request

That Argentina Executive Branch provides sufficient means for the urgent ratification of the World Health Organization's Framework Convention on Tobacco Control.

| N° | Organization | Country |
|----|--|-----------|
| 1 | Asociación Argentina de Derecho de Daños | Argentina |
| 2 | Aire Libre | Argentina |
| 3 | Alianza Libre de Humo Argentina | Argentina |
| 4 | Consumidores Argentinos | Argentina |
| 5 | FIC Argentina | Argentina |
| 6 | Fundación para el Desarrollo de Políticas Sustentables (FUNDEPS) | Argentina |
| 7 | Asociación Argentina de Tabacología (ASAT) | Argentina |
| 8 | Asoaciación Argentina de Medicina Respiratoria (AAMR) | Argentina |
| 9 | Foro Aire Libre para Neuquén (AILIHN) | Argentina |
| 10 | Centro Médico Respire | Argentina |
| 11 | Instituto Interdisciplinario de Economía Política (UBA - CONICET) | Argentina |
| 12 | Sociedad Latinoamericana y del Caribe de Oncología Médica (SLACOM) | Argentina |
| 13 | Unión Antitabáquica Argentina | Argentina |
| 14 | Fundación Cencor | Argentina |
| 15 | Fundación para Estudio e Investigación de la Mujer (FEIM) | Argentina |
| 16 | Universidad Nacional del Comahue | Argentina |
| 17 | Facultad de Ciencias Medicas, Universidad Nacional de Rosario | Argentina |
| 18 | Facultad de Ciencias de la Salud, Universidad Adventista del Plata | Argentina |
| 19 | Hospital Argerich | Argentina |
| 20 | Ministerio de Salud de Tierra del Fuego, programa de Control de Tabaco | Argentina |
| 21 | RACI | Argentina |
| 22 | Instituto Nacional del Cáncer, Ministerio de Salud | Brasil |
| 23 | ACT Promoção da Saúde | Brasil |
| 24 | Universidade Federal Fluminense | Brasil |
| 25 | Universidade Federal do Paraná | Brasil |
| 26 | Alianza Bolivia Libre Sin Tabaco | Bolivia |

| 27 | FIC Bolivia | Bolivia |
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| 28 | Universidad Adolfo Ibañez | Chile |
| 29 | Respira Libre | Chile |
| 30 | Red Nacional Antitabaco de Costa Rica (RENATA) | Costa Rica |
| 31 | Red PaPaz | Colombia |
| 32 | Educar Consumidores | Colombia |
| 33 | FUNSAD | Ecuador |
| 34 | Fundabla | El Salvador |
| 35 | University of California, Irvine | Estados Unidos |
| 36 | Corporate Accountability | Internacional |
| 37 | World Heart Federation | Internacional |
| 38 | Consumer Voice | India |
| 39 | MAYA | India |
| 40 | The Heart Foundation of Jamaica | Jamaica |
| 41 | Asociación Mexicana de Diabetes | México |
| 42 | Coalición México Salud-Hable | México |
| 43 | Polithink | México |
| 44 | Salud Justa | México |
| 45 | Refleacciona | México |
| 46 | Universidad Autónoma de México, seminario de Estudios Políticos | México |
| 47 | PREVENFISAME A.C. | México |
| 48 | CRECE A.C | México |
| 49 | Fundación Gonzalo Río Arronte I.A.P. | México |
| 50 | Hospital General de México | México |
| 51 | Instituto Nacional de Psiquiatría Ramón de la Fuente Muñiz | México |
| 52 | Códice | México |
| 53 | Asociación Mexicana de Lucha Contra el Cáncer AC | México |
| 54 | ANAFARMEX | México |
| 55 | Organización Panamericana de la Salud | México |
| 56 | Ministerio de Salud | Panamá |
| 57 | Centro de Información y Educación para la Prevención del Abuso de Drogas (CEDRO) | Perú |
| 58 | Comisión Nacional Permanente de Lucha Antitabáquica (COLAT) | Perú |
| 59 | Alianza Juvenil por el Bienestar y el Desarrollo | Regional |

| 60 | Coalición América Saludable (CLAS) | Regional |
|----|--|--------------|
| 61 | InterAmerican Heart Foundation | Regional |
| 62 | Campaign for Tobacco Free Kids | South Africa |
| 63 | Cart Agency | South Africa |
| 64 | Centro de Investigación para la Epidemia del Tabaquismo (CIET) | Uruguay |
| 65 | Fundación Venezolana del Corazón | Venezuela |